

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification Product ID: Product Name: Product Use: Print date: Revision Date:	<b>439Z637M</b> FLPN CL II H/S COPPER PENNY Paint product. 30/Jan/2010 29/Jan/2010
<b>Company Identification</b> The Valspar Corporation PO Box 1461 Minneapolis, MN 55440	
Manufacturer's Phone:	1-612-332-7371
24-Hour Medical Emergency Phone:	1-888-345-5732

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Primary Routes of Exposure:** Inhalation Ingestion Skin absorption

#### Eye Contact:

· Severe eye irritation

#### **Skin Contact:**

- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause defatting of the skin.
- Harmful if absorbed through skin.
- Can be absorbed through skin.
- May cause sensitization by skin contact.

#### Ingestion:

- Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Aspiration hazard if swallowed can enter lungs and cause damage.

#### Inhalation:

- Causes respiratory tract irritation.
- Harmful by inhalation.

- May cause damage to nasal and respiratory passages.
- Inhalation of dust may cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough.
- May cause chemical pneumonia.
- May cause sensitization by inhalation.
- May cause pulmonary edema.

#### Target Organ and Other Health Effects:

- Kidney injury may occur.
- Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central nervous system.
- Contains glycol ether which has been shown to cause blood effects damage in laboratory animals.
- Unconsciousness
- Liver injury may occur.

#### This product contains ingredients that may contribute to the following potential chronic health effects:

- Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.
- Possible sensitization.
- Contains formaldehyde which is considered a potential carcinogen by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration.
- Prolonged exposure over TLV may produce pneumoconiosis.
- Prolonged breathing of mica dust may produce pneumoconiosis.

#### Carcinogens:

- Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data.
- Cancer hazard. Contains material which can cause cancer.

# **3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Ingredient Name	Approx.	Chemical Name
CAS-No.	Weight %	
ISOPHORONE	20 - 25	Isophorone
78-59-1	20 - 25	isopholone
PROPYLENEGLYCOL	5 - 10	2 mothaxy 1 mothylathyl acatata
MONOMETHYL ETHER	5 - 10	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
ACETATE		
108-65-6		
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	PROPRIETARY INERT
	1-5	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether
BUTYL ETHER		
112-34-5		
PROPRIETARY COLOR	1 - 5	PROPRIETARY COLOR PIGMENT
PIGMENT	_	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5	Ethylene glycol, monobutyl ether acetate
MONOBUTYL ETHER		
ACETATE		
112-07-2		
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	1 - 5	Dimethyl phthalate
131-11-3		
XYLENE	1 - 5	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)
1330-20-7		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	.1 - 1	Titanium dioxide
13463-67-7		

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	Ethyl benzene
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099	Formaldehyde

If this section is blank there are no hazardous components per OSHA guidelines.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Eve Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if symptoms develop or persist.

#### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Give one or two glasses of water. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Inhalation:

Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention immediately. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing.

#### Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Any respiratory or skin condition.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point (Fahrenheit):	83
Flash point (Celsius):	28
Lower explosive limit (%):	1
Upper explosive limit (%):	13
Autoignition temperature:	not determined
Sensitivity to impact:	no
Sensitivity to static discharge:	Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding
	and grounding information in Section 7.
Hazardous combustion products:	See Section 10.

#### Unusual fire and explosion hazards:

None known.

#### Extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and/or water fog.

#### Fire fighting procedures:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn out gear. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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#### Action to be taken if material is released or spilled:

Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Use self-containing breathing apparatus or airmask for large spills in a confined area. Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. See section 7, "Handling and Storage", for proper container and storage procedures. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store above 120 degrees F. (49 degrees C). Based on flash point and vapor pressure, suitable storage should be provided in accordance with OSHA regulation 1910.106, Ontario OH&S regulation 851 section 22. Empty containers may contain product residue, including flammable or explosive vapors. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near container. All label warnings must be observed until the container has been commercially cleaned or reconditioned. If the product is used near or above the flashpoint, an ignition hazard may be present. Activities, uses, or operations which liberate vapor (such as mixing or free fall of liquids) may also present an ignition hazard. Please ensure containers and other interconnected equipment are properly bonded and grounded at all times.

# 8. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

#### Eye and face protection:

Chemical goggles, also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

#### Skin protection:

Appropriate chemical resistant gloves should be worn.

#### **Other Personel Protection Data:**

To prevent skin contact wear protective clothing covering all exposed areas.

#### **Respiratory protection:**

If exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits, use the appropriate NIOSH approved respirator such as an air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and dust/mist filter. Consult the respirator manufacturer's literature to ensure that the respirator will provide adequate protection. Read and follow all respirator manufacturer's instructions.

#### Ventilation

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ovens used for curing should contain a fresh air purge to prevent vapours from accumulating and creating a possible explosive mixture. Where the product is used in a hazardous classified area, use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

#### OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL's)

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA (final)	Ceilings limits (final)	Skin designations
ISOPHORONE 78-59-1	20 - 25	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 25 ppm TWA		
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F_		
PROPRIETARY COLOR PIGMENT	1 - 5	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA fume		
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE 131-11-3	1 - 5	5 mg/m³ TWA		
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m³ TWA		

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA (final)	Ceilings limits (final)	Skin designations
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	.1 - 1	15 mg/m³ TWA dust		
13463-67-7		total		
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA		
100-41-4		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099	0.75 ppm TWA		

# ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV's)

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA	STEL	Ceiling limits	Skin designations
ISOPHORONE	20 - 25			5 ppm Ceiling	
78-59-1					
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA			
		respirable fraction			
PROPRIETARY COLOR	1 - 5	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA			
PIGMENT		respirable fraction			
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5	20 ppm TWA			
MONOBUTYL ETHER					
ACETATE					
112-07-2					
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	1 - 5	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA			
131-11-3		J. J			
XYLENE	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL		
1330-20-7					
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	.1 - 1	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA			
13463-67-7		J. J			
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEL		
100-41-4					
FORMALDEHYDE	0099			0.3 ppm Ceiling	
50-00-0					

# 9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Odor: Physical State: pH: Vapor pressure: Vapor density (air = 1.0): Boiling point: Solubility in water: Coefficient of water/oil distribution: Density (lbs per US gallon): Specific Gravity: Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1.0): Flash point (Fahrenheit): Flash point (Celsius): Lower explosive limit (%): Upper explosive limit (%):	Normal for this product type. liquid not determined 90.2255639 mmHg @ 77°F (25°C) 6.69 not determined not determined not determined 10.45 1.25 0.6 83 28 1 1
Upper explosive limit (%):	13
Autoignition temperature:	not determined

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Conditions to Avoid: Incompatibility: Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Sensitivity to static discharge:

Stable under normal conditions. Heat. Strong oxidizing agents None anticipated. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Metal oxide fumes.

Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding and grounding information in Section 7.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NIOSH - Selected LD50s and LC50s
ISOPHORONE	20 - 25	= 1390 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat
78-59-1		= 1870 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
		= 7 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
PROPYLENEGLYCOL	5 - 10	= 8532 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
MONOMETHYL ETHER		> 5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
ACETATE 108-65-6		
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5	= 2700 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
BUTYL ETHER		= 3384 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
112-34-5		
PROPRIETARY COLOR	1 - 5	> 10000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
PIGMENT		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5	= 1480 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
MONOBUTYL ETHER		= 1600 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
ACETATE		
112-07-2		
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	1 - 5	= 6800 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
131-11-3		> 20 mL/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
XYLENE	1 - 5	> 4800 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat = 4300 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
1330-20-7	1-5	= $47635 \text{ mg/L}$ Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		= 5000  ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		> 1700 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	.1 - 1	> 10000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
13463-67-7		
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	= 15354 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
100-41-4		= 17.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		= 3500 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
FORMALDEHYDE	0099	= 0.578 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
50-00-0		= 500 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat

#### Mutagens/Teratogens/Carcinogens:

Possible mutagen

Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data. Cancer hazard. Contains material which can cause cancer.

Contains ethylbenzene, which has been determined by NTP to be an animal carcinogen with no known relevance to humans. IARC has classified ethylbenzene as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2b) on the basis of sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in laboratory animals but inadequate evidence of cancer in humans. Contains TIO2 which is listed by IARC as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on animal data. Neither long term animal studies, nor human epidemiology studies of workers exposed to TIO2 provide an adequate basis to conclude TIO2 is carcinogenic. TIO2 is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, U.S. OSHA, or the U.S. EPA.

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	California Prop 65 - Reproductive (Female)	California Prop 65 - Carcinogen
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1		Listed. initial date 6/11/04 - carcinogen
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099		Listed. initial date 1/1/88 - carcinogen

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	IARC Group 1 - Human Evidence	IARC Group 2A - Limited Human Data	IARC Group 2B - Sufficient Animal Data
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1			Monograph 47 [1989]
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1			Monograph 77 [2000]
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099	Supplement 7 [1987] Monograph 62 [1995] Supplement 7 [1987]		

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NTP Known Carcinogens	NTP Suspect Carcinogens	NTP Evidence of Carcinogenicity
ISOPHORONE 78-59-1	20 - 25			male rat-some evidence; female rat-no evidence; male mice-equivocal evidence; female mice- no evidence
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1 - 5			male rat-no evidence; female rat-no evidence; male mice-no evidence; female mice-no evidence;
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1			male rat-negative; female rat-negative; male mice-negative; female mice-negative
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1			male rat-clear evidence; female rat-some evidence; male mice- some evidence; female mice-some evidence
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099		Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen	

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	OSHA - Specifically Regulated Carcinogens	ACGIH Carcinogens
ISOPHORONE 78-59-1	20 - 25			A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	OSHA - Specifically Regulated Carcinogens	ACGIH Carcinogens
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER ACETATE 112-07-2	1 - 5			A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	.1 - 1	Present		
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	Present		A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
FORMALDEHYDE 50-00-0	0099	Present	Irritant and potential cancer hazard - see 29 CFR 1910.1048	A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen

# 12. ECOLOGICAL DATA

No information on ecology is available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

# 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### U.S. Department of Transportation

UN ID Number (msds):	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name:	PAINT
Hazard Class:	3
Packing Group:	
Hazardous Ingredient (Land) 1	XYLENE
Hazardous Ingredient (Land) 2	PROPYLENEGLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

#### **U.S. Highway & Rail Shipments**

The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

#### **Reportable Quantity Description:**

#### International Air Transport Association (IATA):

UN ID Number (msds):	UN1263	
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint	
Hazard Class:	3	
Packing Group:		
IATA N.O.S. Technical Name 1	XYLENE	
IATA N.O.S. Technical Name 2	PROPYLENEGLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	
International Maritime Organization (IMO):		

IMO UN/ID Number (msds):	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name:	PAINT
Hazard Class:	3
Packing Group:	III
IMDG N.O.S. Technical Name 1	XYLENE
IMDG N.O.S. Technical Name 2	PROPYLENEGLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA RQ in lbs.
ISOPHORONE	20 - 25			5000
78-59-1				
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5		YES	
BUTYL ETHER				
112-34-5				
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1 - 5		YES	
MONOBUTYL ETHER				
ACETATE				
112-07-2				
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	1 - 5		form R reporting required	5000
131-11-3			for 1.0% de minimis	
			concentration	
XYLENE	1 - 5		form R reporting required	100
1330-20-7			for 1.0% de minimis	
			concentration	
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1		form R reporting required	1000
100-41-4			for 1.0% de minimis	
			concentration	
FORMALDEHYDE	0099	EPCRA RQ = 100 lb	form R reporting required	100
50-00-0			for 0.1% de minimis	
			concentration	

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Class:

Acute:	yes
Chronic:	yes
Flammability:	yes
Reactivity:	no
Sudden Pressure:	no

#### **U.S. STATE REGULATIONS:**

#### **Right to Know:**

The specific chemical identity of a component may be withheld as a trade secret under 34 Pennsylvania Code, Chapter 317.

#### California Proposition 65:

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### Rule 66 status of product

Not photochemically reactive.

#### **INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS - Chemical Inventories**

#### **US TSCA Inventory:**

All components of this product are in compliance with U.S. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Requirements.

#### Canada Domestic Substances List:

All components of this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

HMIS Codes	
Health:	2*
Flammability:	3

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reactivity: PPE:

X - See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

#### Abbreviations:

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, NIOSH -National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, NTP - National Toxicology Program, ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, SCAQMD - South Coast Air Quality Management District, TSCA -Toxic Substances Control Act, IATA - International Air Transport Association, IMO - International Maritime Organization, DOT - Department of Transportation, NA - Not applicable, NOT ESTAB - Not established, N.A.V. - Not available, RQ -Reportable quantity, WT - Weight, MG/CU M - Milligrams per cubic meter, G/L - Grams per liter, MM - Millimeters, MPPCF - Millions of particles per cubic foot, PPM - parts per million, PPT - parts per thousand, TCC/PM - Tag closed cup / Pensky-Martens, PB - Lead, PEL - Permissible exposure level, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short term exposure limit, C - Celsius, F - Fahrenheit.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The data on this sheet represent typical values. Since application variables are a major factor in product performance, this information should serve only as a general guide. Valspar assumes no obligation or liability for use of this information. UNLESS VALSPAR AGREES OTHERWISE IN WRITING, VALSPAR MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR FREEDOM FROM PATENT INFRINGEMENT. VALSPAR WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Your only remedy for any defect in this product is the replacement of the defective product, or a refund of its purchase price, at our option. This MSDS contains additional information required by the state of Pennsylvania.

#### Preparation Information:

Prepared By:	Regulatory Affairs Department
Print date:	30/Jan/2010
Revision Date:	29/Jan/2010